FEBRUARY 19, 1780. THE NUMBER 54

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

WILLIAMSBURG: PRINTED BY DIXON & NICOLSON.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper at 50 Dollars a Year, and have Advertiſements (of a moderate Length) inſerted for 10 Dollars the firſt Week and 7 Dollars each Week after.—Printing Work done at this Office with Care and Expedition.

From the GAZETTE *of* FRANCE, *Sept.* 10, 1779.

THE ſecond of July, the French ſquadron appeared in the morning in ſight of Grenada, and in the evening anchored before the creek Molenier, and immediately landed 1300 men, who occupied the adjacent heights; Count Dillon, the ſenior Colonel, commanded them. In the night a party of the troops headed by the Count D'Eſtaing, made a very long march to turn the hill of the hoſpital, where, we were informed, the Engliſh had put their chief force, and all their hopes.

The 3d, at break of day, we diſcovered the poſition of the enemy on that hill, whoſe declivity was extremely ſteep, and incumbered with heaps of large ſtones, and was fortified at bottom with a palliſade, and three intrenchments, one above another. It was known, that the enemy had there 140 ſoldiers of the 48th regiment, 40 of the royal artillery, 200 volunteers, and 400 men of their beſt militia. We had no cannon; there was no time to bring up any; Byron's ſquadron might have come up in time; the General reſolved to avail himſelf of the enſuing night to carry that poſt by aſſault. He made his diſpoſitions that day to attack in three columns the eaſt of the hill; he ordered at the ſame time, a falſe attack under the hoſpital, on the ſide of the river St. John. In conſequence, the diviſion of the Viſcount de Noailles, who had marched to the ſide of the hill St. Eloi, had orders to join the Count D'Eſtaing at Pradines: They made a long march in the heat of the day; but the example of their Chief, whom the love of glory cauſes to fly wherever any is to be acquired, made them bear the fatigue with alacrity. In the afternoon, the General ſummoned Lord Macartney, Governour of Grenada, to ſurrender: He anſwered, that he did not know in what conſiſted the Count D'Eſtaing's forces, that he knew of his own, and would do all in his power to defend his iſland.

Before night, Count Dillon, and the other commanders went as near as poſſible to examine the entrenchments they were to attack, in order to reconnoitre the road their columns were to follow. The detachment of artillery having no cannon to ſerve, demanded to march at the head of the columns: Towards midnight, the troops put themſelves in motion: Before 2 o'clock they arrived at Lucas, about a quarter of a league from the hill they were to attack: There the three columns were formed.

The right column, commanded by the Viſcount de Noailles, who had under him the Sieurs Odune, Lieutenant Colonel; de Mondion and M'Donald, Majors; and the Chevalier Deputy, Captain in the royal corps of artillery, was compoſed of 100 chaſſeurs of Champagne, 60 grenadiers d'Auxerrois and Martinique, and 10 ſoldiers of the artillery.

The centre column, commanded by the Count Edward Dillon, who had under him the Baron de Steding, Colonel, and the Sieur Omoran, Major, was formed of 300 men of the regiment of Dillon, and 10 ſoldiers of artillery.

The left column commanded by the Count Arthur Dillon, Colonel Commandant of the regiment of his name, having under him the Sieur Brown, Colonel, was compoſed of the Grenadiers of Dillon, the remainder of the regiment, and 10 ſoldiers of the artillery. It was to follow a road that would bring it nearer the careening place and thence aſcend to the intrenchments. The Count D'Eſtaing marched at the head of the grenadiers of that column, which was immediately preceded by the van guard, commanded by the Count de Durat, ſecond Colonel of the regiment of Cambreſis; and compoſed of 50 volunteers, commanded by the Sieur Vence; 50 grenadiers of the regiment of Haynault, 50 of the regiment Foix, and of 30 of the regiment of Martinique; in the whole 180 men. The Sieur de St. Ciran, Captain in the royal corps of engineers, was in the van and entered the intrenchments with it.

The diviſion that was to make the falſe attack, was commanded by the Count de Pondevaux, Lieutenant Colonel of the regiment d'Auxerrois, having under him the Sieurs Huſſenot, Lieutenant Colonel in the legion of Lauzun, de la Bretoniere, Major of the regiment of Martinique; and de Kerangues, ancient Major of the provincial regiment de Vannes, and compoſed of about 200 men of the regiments of Champagne, Viennois, la Martinique, and of the legion of Lauzun,

At two o'clock in the morning the falſe attack being begun, as it had been ordered, the three columns marched to the hill of the hoſpital, following the roads that had been indicated to them. The Marquis de Vaudreuil's veſſel happening to be under the battery during the attack, ſeined that moment to cannonade it, which made a very uſeful diverſion. When we were near the intrenchments, we received a very briſk fire from them. The King of England's ſhip the York, at anchor in the careening place, fired with cartridges which greatly annoyed the Count de Dillon's column, which marched within cannon ſhot of it. The van guard of the Sieur de Durat having got over the palliſades, were climbing up the hill. The left column, and that of the centre, joined the van. Neither the fire from the intrenchments, nor that from the York, which took our troops in flank, nor the extreme difficulty of the ſpot, could abate the ardour of the troops, excited by the preſence of their General, who leaped into the intrenchments with the firſt grenadiers. They clambered up in preſſed columns, the men carrying one another, and ſhoving forward, the enemy was ſucceſſively drove out every where. The diviſion of the Viſcount de Noailles had a larger circuit to go; it made amends for that by the rapidity of its march, and having overcome all obſtacles, arrived at the ſame time at the top of the hill, which we were maſters of in leſs than an hour. We found there four pieces of cannon, 24 pounders, two 8 pounders, four 6 pounders, and one four, and ſix mortars of different bores, Lord Macartney, thinking himſelf impregnable in that poſt, had cauſed his plate, jewels, and effects to be carried there, and his principal officers followed his example.

As ſoon as it was day, we turned a 24 pounder on the fort, which the hill commands. On firing the firſt ſhot, an officer appeared with a white flag, whom the Governour ſent to capitulate; he found the General in the battery, who, pulling out his watch, gave an hour and a half to the Governour to make his terms; they were brought within the time preſcribed; but the General having rejected them, the Engliſh Governour determined to ſurrender at diſcretion.

The next day our troops took poſſeſſion of the fort. We made 700 priſoners, regulars, volunteers, and ſailors, among whom are one Lieutenant Colonel, two Majors, three Captains, four Lieutenants, one Enſign, 157 ſubalterns or ſoldiers of the 48th regiment; two Lieutenants, 14 ſoldiers of the royal artillery; five Colonels of militia, ſix Majors, 31 Captains, 31 Lieutenants, and 33 Enſigns. We took three ſtandards, 102 pieces of cannon of different bores, and 16 mortars.

Our loſs amounts to 35 men killed, and 72 wounded. Officers killed, the Sieurs de la Bretoniere, Major, and Dubourg, Captain of grenadiers, Martiniquois; Schechy, Lieutenant of Dillon; the Sieurs de [illegible]lin, Captain of grenadiers of Haynault, and [illegible] aid Quarter Maſter General, wounded. The [illegible] Dugan, de Morgan, Lieutenants of Dillon, and [illegible]gus, Lieutenant of Martinique, dangerouſly wounded.

We ſhould be obliged to mention all the officers, if we would point out all thoſe who ſignalized themſelves. The troops diſplayed that good will and [illegible] courage that characterizes the nation. Eulogiums are particularly due to the commendants of the diviſions; to the officers who ſerved under them; to the ſtaff, which was compoſed of the Count de Durat, Major General; de Manoel, Major of the battalion of Haynault; the Sieur Gautier, Aid Quarter Maſter General, who mounted the intrenchments with the General; and of the Sieur Paſſerat de la Chapelle, Major of the Martinique militia, aid Quarter Maſter General.

Some of the marine officers had leave to be [illegible] at the attack; the Sieur de Rumain, Lieutenant of the navy, and the Sieur de Barras, Enſign, [illegible] with the Viſcount de Noailles; the Sieur de Rivery, Lieutenant of the navy, and the Sieur de Chambon, Enſign, mounted the intrenchments with the Count D'Eſtaing.

We muſt not forget a trait equally honorable for the General, who knows how to reward bravery, as well as the brave man who is the object of it. The [illegible] Horadou, alias Languedoc, ſerjeant of grenadiers in the regiment of Haynault, was in the van. After having behaved, during the action, with the greateſt intrepidity, he leaped into the firſt battery of the hill, flung himſelf amidſt the enemy, and ſaved the life of the Sieur Vence, who was going to fall. The Count D'Eſtaing, under whoſe eye the ſerjeant had fought, coming that inſtant into the battery, embraced him, declaring at the ſame time that he promoted him to the rank of [illegible].

To the printer of the LONDON EVENING POST.

THE great noiſe the affairs of Ireland has of late made in Europe, induced me to viſit that kingdom. I am now juſt returned from a tour over nearly the whole of it. Never did I ſee a people ſo badly uſed, as they have been by our country. There is nothing, in my opinion, but they are deſerving of; if honeſty, open hartedneſs, hoſpitality and loyalty, can deſerve it. But the ſubject of this letter I mean to confine to that ſpirit, which has animated that nation for defence. In my tour, I had an opportunity of obſerving the various independent [illegible] that are now in that kingdom; and give me leave to ſay, although I have viſited the continent, and ſeen both France, Italy, Germany, &c. yet never did I ſee better diſciplined troops. I have been very curious to find out their exact number. On caſting them up, I find them to be nearly as follows: Ulſter, 17,760; Leinſter, 12,400; Munſter, 15,100; Connaught, 4200; in the whole 49,460 fighting men in ſhoes, beſides 13,000 regulars in camp; the whole military force of that kingdom being 62,460 men of the beſt troops in Europe. They ſeem but little to fear an invaſion, as they ſay. Indeed, too much cannot be ſaid of the very laudable marks of loyalty they are ready and willing to ſhew; and I am convinced, did we but grant them the privilege they are ſeeking, and the privilege they muſt have before they give up their arms, it would be for the advantage, ſafety and proſperity of every true ENGLISHMAN. I

The following is an accurate description of the island of Grenada, *now taken by the* French.

GRENADA, and the cluster of small islands near it, called the Grenadines, is now, excepting Jamaica, by far the most valuable colony which Great Britain poſſeſſes. It exports no leſs than 20,000 hogſheads of ſugar, and a proportionable quantity of rum, eſteemed to be next in goodneſs to that made in Jamaica, and by many thought equal to it. Beſides, it produces coffee and cotton in greater abundance than all the reſt of our iſlands taken together; its produce in theſe two latter articles being eſteemed equal in value to one half of its ſugars.

Grenada lies in 12 degrees 23 minutes north latitude, being the ſouthernmoſt of all the Antilles, and diſtant only thirty leagues from the Spaniſh main. It is about thirty Engliſh miles in length, and where broadeſt, about fifteen: But its breadth is unequal. It is computed to be twice as large as Barbadoes, and to contain in ſugar land, more than one third of what is in Martinique. Its climate has ſome advantages peculiar to itſelf. The dry and rainy ſeaſons are remarkably regular in their periods: The blaſt has not been hitherto known in the iſland, and what is the moſt eſſential circumſtance of all, it lies out of the tract of hurricanes.

There are very high mountains in Grenada; but only one or two in number. The reſt of the country is diverſified with plains and gentle eminences, which are capable of cultivation to the very top. This iſland is extremely well watered, and which is remarkable, its principal ſtreams proceed from a large lake at the top of an high mountain, ſituated in the centre of the iſland, and flows down the ſides of the mountains in different directions to the ſea. Moſt of the hills furniſh delightful proſpects, and there are almoſt every where very fine proſpects from the ſea: And here are ſea-fiſh, turtle, and wild fowl in abundance.

There are ſeveral harbours around all along the coaſt, ſome for ſmall and ſome for large veſſels, ſeveral ſmall bays and creeks, convenient for ſmall veſſels, and for hauling and ſlipping ſmall craft. Some are free of the ſurf, as harbours in the weſt of Grenada; the beſt of theſe is called Lewis, lies to the leeward and weſternmoſt end of the iſland, and is divided into the outward and inner part. It is for the moſt part about ſeven fathom deep, and a ſoft oozy bottom. Ships can ſail in or out with the common trade winds.

The other harbour, called St. George, is ſituated on the ſouth ſide of the iſland, ſo capacious, that it is capable of holding a large fleet of line of battle ſhips.

The Grenadines are a cluſter of ſmall iſlands which lie between Grenada and St. Vincent, in a north by eaſt direction. Their produce is not well known, as many of them are little more than rocks: However, there are ſaid to be twenty three, which are capable of cultivation, and of producing cotton, coffee, and indigo, ſome ſugar. The moſt of them ſtill retains the Indian names of Carriacou, &c. is of a circular form, and about ſeven miles in length and breadth. Here is an excellent harbour. It is now tolerably well ſettled, its produce is coffee and cotton, and it ſends deputies to the aſſembly of Grenada.

The iſland of Ronde is likewiſe reckoned among the Grenadilloes. It is the largeſt of them all, being about twelve leagues in circumference; it is likewiſe ſaid to be the moſt fruitful, and to have a good port.

Grenada, excepting Jamaica, is the only Weſt India colony which the Engliſh poſſeſs by right of conqueſt. By the treaty of peace, the French ſettlers were allowed a certain time to conſider whether they would remain their eſtates, and become Britiſh ſubjects, or depart the iſland, and ſell their eſtates, provided it was to Britiſh ſubjects. Some have choſen the former; others the latter.

PHILADELPHIA, *Jan.* 29.

ON the morning of the 15th inſtant Major Lee detached, from Burlington, 40 men, under the command of Captain Patten, in ſleighs, who, before next morning, were along ſide the guard ſhip, laying froze in the ice near Sandy Hook; but finding that the ice for ſeveral yards round her, was cut, ſo that they could not board her, they retired to a ſmall diſtance unperceived, where they ſurpriſed two ſchooners and one ſloop, made the men priſoners, burnt the veſſels, and then returned without the leaſt loſs, bringing with them the priſoners, and what plunder they thought proper.

We learn that Captain Lockwood, laſt week, with a few continental troops, and ſome militia, made an excurſion to Morriſſania, ten miles from the city of New York, and ſurpriſed and took 20 priſoners, of Bearmore's corps, among whom was their new advanced partizan, Colonel Hatfield. They were in Mrs Morris's houſe, and refuſed to ſurrender until it was ſet on fire; it is ſaid the Major and four others were conſumed in the flames. We alſo learn that ſome of the militia, though ordered off by Capt. Lockwood, were too tardy, and by their delay, about 40 of them were taken by the enemy's light horſe.

It is with pleaſure, we inform our readers, that our army at head quarters, are plentifully ſupplied with all kinds of proviſions.

By a Gentleman from New Jerſey, we are informed, that near 40 of the enemy's veſſels have been driven on ſhore, on different parts of the coaſt, from Egg Harbour, as far ſouthward as the Eaſtern ſhore of Maryland and Virginia.

We learn that the enemy, in two diviſions, have made an excurſion into New Jerſey, and ſurpriſed our guards at Elizabeth town; where they burnt the meeting houſe, ſchool houſe, and jail, and carried off ſeveral priſoners: At Newark, they burnt the academy, and made priſoner, Juſtice Hedden, and about twenty five more.

Since our laſt was ſent into Marblehead, by the privateer Terrible, a brig mounting fourteen guns, called the Snake, commanded by one John Shepherd, who has been a priſoner with us thrice! Previous to his being made a captive now, he was taken in the 64 gun ſhip, called the Revenge. The above brig Snake, was owned in Halifax by the notorious, infamous, and ignorant Jack Butler, of that place.

CHARLESTOWN, *Nov.* 23.

YESTERDAY the flag which lately went from this place for Savannah, returned here, and brought a number of priſoners. The ſame day a flag arrived from the ſame place, with Mrs. Minis and family, of Savannah.

A correſpondent, who was a priſoner at Savannah for ſome days, and came from thence the 16th inſtant, informs us, that the Britiſh forces there were very ſickly; that, to his own knowledge, they buried 6, 7, and 8 ſoldiers a day; and that he (from good authority) diſcovered, that one day 20 and another day 12 of them died: He alſo mentions, that by what intelligence he could gather, there were not (regulars and militia included) above 1400 men in the town.

Dec. 7. Laſt week a body of continental troops, being part of the reinforcements from Virginia, arrived in town. The remainder are ſhortly expected.

Dec. 14. A ſmall privateer from St. Auguſtine, commanded by one Williams, was brought in here laſt week by Mr. Bellamy, of this town, who was taken the day before, but aſſiſted by the Captain of a North Carolina brig, a prize to the privateer, and his own negroes, after a ſhort conteſt, in which Williams had one of his hands nearly cut off, overcame them.

General Caſwell, at the head of 3000 men, arrived at the boundary houſe laſt Saturday, on their way to this place.

Dec. 15. Laſt Friday arrived here Capt. Milligan in 8 days from Havannah. He left it the 4th inſtant, and informs us, that on the 3d, a Gentleman arrived there from New Orleans, which he left the 17th of October, with deſpatches from the Governour, informing him, that the Spaniſh forces in that quarter had made a ſucceſsful expedition up the Miſſiſippi, and reduced Monſhack, Battonadreuſe, the Natchez, and all the other Britiſh poſts upon the river, ſo that they were in poſſeſſion of the whole; and about 900 priſoners of war, amongſt them Col. Dickſon, with the 16th Britiſh regiment, and a regiment of Waldeckers. That a body of about 1200 Virginians, ſuppoſed to be commanded by Col. Clark, had ſince joined the Spaniards, and were going upon another expedition. That a ſquadron of men of war, with a number of other veſſels, ſailed from Havannah about the 20th of laſt month; and another, with a conſiderable number of tranſports having troops on board, were, when he (Capt. Milligan) came away, laying at ſingle anchor, waiting only for their final orders to put to ſea. That there were ſeveral other fine ſhips of war in the harbour; and a number more upon the ſtocks, on which they were working with great aſſiduity. That ſeveral Engliſh veſſels had been captured by the Spaniards and carried into Havannah, where they have upwards of 100 priſoners; amongſt them a Jamaica ſhip, late Capt. Mayon, and three Providence privateers. That the perſons from Penſacola, mentioned in this gazette of the 16th of October, to be confined in the Moro Caſtle, were John (not William) M'Gillivray, William Struther, and James (not John) M'Intoſh, were taken on the 14th of Auguſt laſt, by the St Juan man of war of 74 guns, the St. Matthew of 36 and the St. Martha of 32: And, that a Mr. Farquhar, Mr. William Macmurchy, and Mr. Alexander Begbie, were likewiſe priſoners there, and likely to remain ſo, till a cartel ſhall be ſettled.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 19.

Extract of a letter from Philadelphia.

THE troops I informed you of in my laſt letter, do not exceed 7000 men, under convoy of the Ruſſel, Robuſt, Europa, Defiance, Raiſonable, Roebuck, Renown, Romulus, and Perſeus. General Clinton is gone in the Romulus; they are poſitively going to Charleſtown. Governour Martin with a conſiderable number of North Carolina refugees, and all the officers who have been on furlough from Georgia are gone with the expedition. Five veſſels are laden with ordinance ſtores, and they have taken 50 cheſts of arms for the purpoſe of arming the tories and negroes. They are to act on a different plan from what they formerly have; that is, to ſettle the country as they conquer it, by ſecuring all thoſe whom they may ſuppoſe dangerous, and to give the noted tories a conſiderable command. Clinton will go home immediately after taking poſſeſſion of Charleſtown, and leave the command to Lord Cornwallis. The moſt ſanguine of the tories flatter themſelves, that the Britiſh army will be in poſſeſſion of both the Carolinas by May next. Clinton will make the moſt vigorous puſh; for he thinks it neceſſary to do ſomething to diſtinguiſh himſelf, before he returns to England. The garriſon at New York is left under the command of Tryon and Knyphauſen; it is now entirely out of wood, and can get none but what they bring from a conſiderable diſtance by land. If the water carriage continue ſhut any time, the inhabitants will be greatly diſtreſſed for the want of fuel.

"No arrivals ſince my laſt, and none from Europe ſince the September packet. The fleet for Europe of one hundred ſail, left Sandy Hook the 23d of December, under convoy of the Solbay and Lioneſs. We have it from the beſt authority that His Britannick Majeſty has applied to all the German Princes to aſſiſt him the next campaign in ſubjecting his revolted colonies, but the influence of France has been ſo great as to produce a total denial from thoſe Princes."

The brigantine Queen of France, Capt. Saunders, belonging to Baltimore, fell in with a tranſport ſloop and took her; they had then on board 22 light horſemen; they had thown their horſe (32 in number) over-board in a gale of wind; the ſloop was 23 days from New York, and parted with the fleet four days after they left the Hook; they ſay 9000 men were in the fleet, and bound for Georgia, as they ſuppoſed, but deny having any inſtructions. The ſloop was ſo much diſabled in the gale, that Captain Saunders's mate (after being 24 hours on board) requeſted to be taken on board his own veſſel again, to which the Captain agreed, and left the ſloop to her own people, and has brought the light horſemen in with him.

Information has been received, which may be relied on, that a large reinforcement of the enemy have arrived at Savannah.

Friday the eleventh inſtant being the birth day of his Excellency General Waſhington, it was celebrated by a diſcharge of thirteen round of cannon, and an elegant ball at the Raleigh (in this city) in the evening. The entertainment was grand, and the countenances and manners of the whole company were expreſſive of their happineſs upon the joyful occaſion. Long may our illuſtrious General live dignified with the approbation of his countrymen, and in the end, be rewarded with the bleſſings of an honourable peace.

☞ *It appearing to the publiſhers of this gazette, that inſtead of being gainers by continuing the advertiſements on the preſent terms, they are likely to be brought in debt, while the moſt enormous advances are making in the prices of every neceſſary of life, and every material uſed in the printing buſineſs; they are therefore under the neceſſity of raiſing the price of advertiſements to* TWENTY DOLLARS *the firſt week, and* FIFTEEN DOLLARS *each week after; long ones in proportion, and to commence the firſt of March next.*

*** *The publick may now be assured, that several genteel families in town are willing to breakfast and dine such students as are desirous of receiving those great advantages which the university is capable of affording them. Their price will be no more than was customary in the year 1774 or 1775, payable, either in provisions, or according to their amount.—The lectures have not yet commenced, but will most probably next week.*

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, for ready money, on Tuesday the 14th of March next, at the plantation of Mr. Harden Burnley, Jun. near Hanover town,

ALL the stocks of cattle, horses, hogs, and sheep, with the plantation utensils, and the crop of corn, fodder, and tobacco, late the property of the said *Harden Burnley*; and on the day following will be sold on the premises, a very valuable tract of land called *Roothe's* neck, on the main road, about four miles above *Hanover* town, containing 625 acres, which will be laid off according to law, whereon are valuable improvements, with a plantation in good order for cropping, late the property of the said *Harden Burnley*. Also will be sold at the last mentioned place and time, stocks of cattle, hogs, horses, and sheep, with the plantation utensils, and the crop of corn, fodder, and tobacco. The whole of these articles being duly escheated and now become vested in the common wealth.

(1) JOHN LAWRENCE, AMBROSE LIPSCOMB, } Com'rs.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, for ready money, on Monday the 20th of March next, at the house of Mr. Jeremiah Francklin, near Amherst court-house,

THE forfeited and escheated estate, of *John Harmer*, consisting of about 7000 acres of rich high land, to be laid off in lots not exceeding 400 acres, on which there is a good grist-mill; 90 likely negroes some of whom are valuable tradesmen, the stocks of horses, cattle, and hogs, the crop of tobacco, corn, and fodder, and plantation utensils, &c. Likewise the estate of *Walter King*, consisting of about 7000 acres of good tobacco land, to be laid off as above, 33 negroes, the stocks of horses, cattle, and hogs; the crop of tobacco, corn, and fodder; and plantation utensils, &c.

MARTIN KEY, HUGH ROSE, } Com'rs.
(4)

WILLIAMSBURG, *February* 3, 1780.

I HAVE for SALE, at my store, opposite Mr. *Ambrose Davenport*'s tavern, in this city, an elegant assortment of the most beautiful calico and chintz patterns, black and white gauze, and a small quantity of the best soap. (2) M. HUNTER.

N. B. I still carry on the millinery business, and would willingly take goods on commission, at a moderate advance.

FOR sale, 1548 acres of fine land in *Frederick*, adjoining *Berry*'s ferry on *Shenandoah*, part of which is fine low grounds, 4 or 500 acres cleared, fenced, and in order for farming. Also 1000 acres of fine grain and tobacco land, in *Fauquier*, 13 miles below the *Shenandoah*, which I purchased of Colonel *Thomas Marshall*, part of which is cleared and in order for farming. I have also for sale, 800 acres of land in *Hanover*, 10 miles from *Richmond* (called *Thacker*'s tract) it is finely timbered, with large pine and oak, very level and good grain land. For terms apply to the subscriber in *Gloucester*. I would exchange for hands. 3 NATHANIEL L SAVAGE.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Thursday the 9th of March,

FIVE negroes, the dwelling-houses and tobacco warehouses in the town of *Blandford*, late the property of Mr. *Robert Boyd*, deceased. Six months credit will be allowed the purchasers, on their giving bond and approved security, to

(1) THE EXECUTORS.

CHARLES CITY county, *Feb.* 8, 1780.

ALL persons that have any demands against the estate of *Francis Timberlake*, deceased, are desired to make them known by the first day of *March* next, at which time I propose to have the estate settled; those that fail to apply with their accounts properly proved, I shall not think myself answerable after this publick notice; and those indebted thereto, to make payment to (2‖) FURNEW SOUTHALL.

ON the 22d of *January*, 1780, the trustees of *Washington Henry* academy met, and came to the following resolutions, *viz.* That not more than 50 students shall be admitted to the academy, without leave of the trustees, till the buildings are enlarged. That Mr. *Reuben Clopton* be one of the teachers for the present year, who is to board and lodge with the steward. That the tuition be 120l. and the board 500l. one half of the money to be paid at entrance, and the other half in six months. That two of the trustees are to attend on the second *Friday* in every month, to hear the students go through their usual exercises, and make their report to the next meeting of the Board. That there shall be two vacancies annually, one of two weeks at *Whitsuntide*, and the other of four weeks, to commence from the tenth of *December*. And that no student is to keep a horse above two nights at the academy, unless detained by bad weather. *Published by order of the Board.*

N. B. The steward can accommodate eight or ten students more, than are at present engaged.

A GENTLEMAN of character and liberal education, who is willing to undertake the education of three young Gentlemen, to whom the subscriber is guardian, will meet with encouragement adequate to the importance of the charge he will undertake, by applying to him in *Prince George* county. His salary, in order to secure him from any ill effects arising from the depreciation of our currency, will be fixed in the commodities of the country, if agreeable to him. An immediate application is desired.

tf THEODORICK BLAND, Jun.

To be SOLD, or exchanged for negroes,

ABOUT six hundred and fifty acres of land (twenty five of which would made good meadow) lying on *Black* creek, in *New Kent* county, twenty two miles from *Richmond*, fifteen from *Hanover* town, twelve from *Newcastle*, ten from *Cumberland*, four from *Waddy*'s warehouse, and within two miles of two grist-mills on good streams. The above land is well watered and timbered, produces well, and affords good pasturage. There is on it a house almost finished, with four rooms, three closets, and a passage below, and two rooms and a passage above, fourteen other houses, a yard and garden paled in, three apple orchards, and a peach orchard. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

(41) BENJAMIN LEWIS.

To be SOLD by the escheator of Mecklenburg, *on* Monday *the* 20th *of* March *next,*

A TRACT of land containing 213 acres, lying about two miles from *Hawkin*'s ford, on *Meherrin* river, on which is a dwelling-house, store-house, and other necessary out buildings.

On *Wednesday* the 22d will be sold, a tract lying on *Flat* creek, on which is a dwelling house, and some out buildings. One other tract lying near the latter, on which is a dwelling-house, and some out buildings; the above being late the property of *Dinwiddie* and company.

On *Friday* the 24th will be sold, one other tract lying on *Roanoke* river, near *Taylor*'s ferry, containing 224 acres, about fifty of which are low grounds, on which is a dwelling-house, and some out buildings, an apple orchard which seldom fails of bearing fruit. Also one acre lying on the road that leads to said ferry, on which is a dwelling house, and all necessary out buildings; this place is well situated for an ordinary. One other unimproved tract near the latter, containing 80 acres. The three last mentioned being late the property of *Andrew Johnston*, jun. Also an excellent cook wench, and a boy 10 years old, one cow and calf, a pair of tobacco scales, and twenty two fifties, one pair of small do. a few articles of household and kitchen furniture, being late the property of *Alexander Spier*'s and company. The whole of the above being escheated and becomes vested in the commonwealth.

(1) JOHN MUNURY. SAMUEL DEDMAN. } Com.

PETERSBURG, *February* 22, 1780.

ALL persons having demands against the subscriber, or Mr. *Ferdinando Leigh*, deceased, are desired to apply for payment.

(1) WILLIAM CLAIBORNE, Sen.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, on Friday the 10th of March next,

THE *Buckingham* furnace, with all its appurtenances and encumbrances, together with about 3000 acres of land, chiefly wood, and ore banks, on which is several valuable buildings, all new. Also six negro men, with horses, cattle, and waggons, a considerable quantity of charcoal, ore, and limestone, ready to put the furnace in blast immediately. Possession will be given on the day of sale, and three months credit for the purchase money, on giving bond with approved security. We presume no Gentleman will purchase without first seeing the premises, which will be shewed by applying to *George Revely* or *William Hansford*.

(1) JOHN BALLENDINE. JOHN REVELEY.

N. B. All persons having any demands against the said works, are desired to bring their accounts and have them settled, that payment may be made; and those indebted to the works, are required to pay their respective balances without farther notice.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 17, 1780.

THOSE with whom the late *William Turner*, deceased, was connected in any manner of business which remains unsettled, or any person to whom he is indebted, will much oblige the administrators by sending them a state of their concern, and the other party an account of their claims, that we may speedily be enabled to adjust his affairs.

(2‖) GABRIEL MAUPIN, JOHN STEWART, } Admrs.

☞ On *Thursday* the 24th instant, will be sold before the *Raleigh* door, to the highest bidder, for ready money, a variety of wearing apparel, a bed and furniture, a horse, saddle, and a pair of saddle bags, a few bolts of canvas, and a small library of entertaining books.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder in Hanover court, on Friday the 10th of March next, and continue till all are sold,

FOUR lots in the said town, with valuable improvements, late the property of *Donald, Frost*, and company; one lot with improvements, late the property of *Archibald Govan*, one fourth part of a lot, with valuable improvements, late the property of *Alexander M'Auley*, and company; one unimproved lot the property of *James Easten*, and four unimproved lots late the property of *John Johnston*, and company. At the same time and place will be sold a tract of very valuable land adjoining the said town of *Hanover*, containing 352 acres, whereon is a good dwelling-house, store-house, and other convenient houses, with a plantation in good order for cropping, late the property of *Harden Burnley*, Junior. Also one other tract of very valuable land, containing 90 acres, adjoining the town of *Newcastle*, in the possession of Mr. *John Jones*, who has a lease for the same for the term of four years to come, late the property of the said *Harden Burnley*. Also 50 negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, two flats, and some household and kitchen furniture, late the property of *Harden Burnley*, and others. The whole of these articles being duly escheated, and now become vested, in the commonwealth.

(1) JOHN LAWRENCE, AMBROSE LIPSCOMB, } Com.

FEBRUARY 16, 1780.

I SHALL expose to publick sale, for ready money, at next *Lunenburg* court, pursuant to a decree of the said court, 400 acres of land, more or less, lying in the said county, comprise in a deed of trust [illegible] by one *Henry Cranshaw*.

(2‖) MATTHEW MA[illegible].

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber, about the 5th instant, a negro boy named GABY, 15 or 16 years old, about 4 feet 8 or 9 inches high, formerly the property of *James Pride* of *James City* county, and have reason to believe is harboured there; this is to forewarn all persons from harbouring the said negro as they will have to answer for it at their peril. I will also give a reward of fifty dollars for delivering to me in this city, a sorrel horse colt uncut, with some white in his forehead, his hind feet white, neither docked nor branded, and has been on Mr. *Pride's* plantation for 5 or 6 months past, and is some where in that neighbourhood. JOHN DRAPER.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 18, 1780.

WAR OFFICE, Williamsburg, *Feb.* 4, 1780.

THE inclemency of the ſeaſon having prevented the officer appointed to review and receive the new recruits raiſed under the act of Aſſembly "Concerning officers, ſoldiers, ſailors, and marines," to perform the duties there preſcribed on the days advertiſed in the gazette of *December* the 12th. The Board of War have changed the days of general rendezvous in the following manner, viz. At *Peterſburg* on the 1ſt inſtant, *New London* on the 26th. *Staunton* on the 6th of *March*, *Winchester* on the 12th, *Fredericksburg* the 20th, and *Williamſburg* the 1ſt of *April*. The County Lieutenants and recruiting officers are moſt earneſtly requeſted to uſe every poſſible exertion to have the recruits falling under their ſeveral directions, at the places and at the times above ſpecified.

JAMES INNES.
T. JEFFERSON. JAMES BARRON.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 10, 1780.

THE ſubſcriber deſirous of carrying on his buſineſs extenſively, would with to agree with any perſon or perſons on *York* or *James* rivers, and not inconvenient to the *Capitol* or *College* landings, for a quantity of oak bark, for which he will give caſh, or leather at the old price. He has for ſale a large quantity of tanned and curried leather of all ſorts, among which is excellent boot legs, with beſt bend leather ſoles. (3) WILLIAM PLUME.

☞ I would exchange a negro man, who is a good houſe ſervant and cook, and by profeſſion a biſcuit baker, for a houſe wench or likely boy.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on* Thurſday *the 1ſt day of* June, *before Mr.* Galt's *door in* Richmond *town*,

THREE thouſand acres of land, belonging to the eſtate of *Richard Charlton*, deceaſed, ſituated on the *Ohio*, and within two miles of the falls.

tf SARAH CHARLTON, Executrix
JOHN M. GALT, Executor.

WILL be expoſed to publick ſale, before Mr. *Galt's* door in *Richmond* town, on *Monday* the 6th day of *March* next, two lots belonging to the eſtate of *Alexander Craig*, deceaſed, formerly adverti ſed, and known by the numbers 6 in *Manchester*, and 376 on *Shockoe* hill; alſo a lot No. 488.

(2) JOHN M. GALT, } Ex'rs.
GABRIEL MAUPIN, }

To be SOLD *to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on* Tueſday *the 29th inſtant* (February) *at* William Bradley's, *in the town of* Peterſburg,

ONE undivided third part of a tract of land ſuppoſed to contain 800 acres, lying in the county of *Dinwiddie*, eſcheated from *David Ruſſell*. Alſo a lot of land with a dwelling houſe thereon, in the new town of *Peterſburg*, eſcheated from *Joſeph Eliam*.

(2) KENNON JONES, Eſcheator.

FREDERICKSBURG, *Feb.* 1, 1780.

THE practitioners of PHYSICK and SURGERY in this town and county, having ſuffered much for two years paſt, by the fluctuating ſtate of the currency, the high price of medicines, and impoſſibility of getting accounts ſettled at the different periods ſervices are performed; think proper to inform all thoſe who chooſe to employ them, that in future they muſt extend their accounts at the old rates of practice in 1774, and receive payment in country produce at the old prices, or in money equivalent to the ſelling prices of the neceſſaries of life at the time of payment. The equity of the above regulation will appear evident to every juſt and unprejudiced perſon.

CHARLES MORTIMER.
tf JOHN JULIAN.
GEORGE FRENCH.
ROBERT WELLFORD.

PETERSBURG, *Jan.* 23, 1780.

TO be ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on *Thurſday* the 22d of *February*, at the blackſmith's ſhop, lately occupied by *Alexander Biſſett*, deceaſed, two complete ſets of blackſmiths tools.

(2) MARGARET BISSETT, Adm.

TO be ſold at Captain *La Porte's* ſtore in *Williamſburg*, the following articles, viz. Blunderbuſſes, piſtols with ſwivels, muſkets, cutlaſſes, and ſaddles and bridles.—Capt. *La Porte* intends to retail all kinds of wet and dry goods, in the houſe next door to Mrs *Fobes*, where he formerly kept ſtore.

(1)

To be SOLD *by publick vendue at* Edenton, *on* Tueſday *the* 22d *inſtant* (February)

TWENTY ſix negro ſlaves, conſiſting of men, women, and children, among which are ſeveral valuable tradeſmen, late the property of *Joſiah Hewes*, Eſq; deceaſed. At the ſame time and place will alſo be ſold, the remaining ſtock in trade of the late copartnerſhip of *Hewes & Smith*, and alſo that of the late copartnerſhip of *Hewes, Smith, & Allen*, conſiſting of the following, beſides many other articles, viz. A new brig of about one hundred tons burthen, three ſchooners of about ſeventy tons burthen each, a ſloop of ſixty tons, a ſchooner decked boat, a large ſkiff, flat, four bay ſkits, a large quantity of plantation, ſtore, ſugar, ſalt, *European* goods, ſails and rigging, bar iron, ſtave and board lumber, tobacco, [illegible] reled herrings, naval ſtores, a waggon, [illegible] horſes.—The terms of the ſale ready money, and the money to be paid before the property is changed.

To be SOLD, *on* Wedneſday *the 1ſt of* March *next, in* Peterſburg,

A QUANTITY of damaged beef, pork, and bacon. All perſons who damaged meat in curing for the United States laſt year, and do not come in and ſettle before the above mentioned day, will be required to anſwer for the deficiency at the next General Court. (1) ELLIOTT & DAVIS.

PETERSBURG, *February* 2, 1780.

To be SOLD *for ready caſh, on the third Monday in* April *next*,

THE houſes and lots which I now poſſeſs in the town of *Fredericksburg*, and formerly advertiſed by Col. *Willis*, two lots on the front ſtreet, whereon is an exceeding good dwelling-houſe, with every conveniency that a family can wiſh for.—A falling garden, a ſtore-houſe on the main ſtreet, and that ſufficient to contain eight ſtores more, with warehouſe. On the back ſtreet are two lots more, under a good incloſure, with a coach houſe, ſtables, and houſes for ſervants; theſe lots are ſituated near the market, and is calculated to ſuit a merchant, or private family, and the moſt healthy ſituation in the town. I will treat for them privately.

ALEXANDER SPOTSWOOD.

To be SOLD *by the Eſcheator, on* Monday *the* 28th *of* February, *and continued till all are ſold, to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, at the* Park, *James river*, Fluvanna *county*,

THE forfeited and eſcheated eſtate of *Walter King*, conſiſting of about 6000 acres of land, 800 of which are valuable low grounds, to be laid off in lots, not exceeding 400 acres; 80 negroes, part of whom are valuable tradeſmen; the ſtocks of horſes, cattle, ſheep, and hogs; the crop of tobacco, corn, and fodder, plantation utenſils, and many other valuable articles, too tedious to mention. Likewiſe 1600 acres of land, lying on the *Rivanna* river and *Belcher's* creek, in the ſaid county.

MARTIN KEY, }
(4) JOHN WARE, } Com'rs.

THE ſubſcriber has for private ſale, at his plantation in *Hanover* county, the following medicines, viz. rhubarb, bark, jalap, ipecacuanha, ſenna, cantharides, ſago, valerian root, balſom-copavi, myrrh, calomel, opium, manna, and tartar emetick.

(1) NICHOLAS B. SEABROOK.

TAKEN up in *Prince Edward* near the head of *Spring* creek, a red bull, of a middle ſize, about 4 years old, marked with a crop in the right ear, and a ſwallow fork in the left.——Alſo a heifer, of a brownish colour, with white back and belly, marked with an overkeel in the right ear, and a crop and ſlit in the left, the ſlit almoſt grown up. Appriſed to 30l. each. (1) SAMUEL CUNNINGHAM.

To be SOLD *by the eſcheator, on* Monday *the* 21ſt *of* February *next, and continued till all are ſold, to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, at* Tandy Key's *in* Buckingham *county*,

THE forfeited and eſcheated eſtate of *Walter King*, conſiſting of about 4000 acres of rich high land, to be laid off in lots, not exceeding 400 acres; 50 valuable ſlaves, the ſtocks of horſes, cattle, and hogs, the crop of tobacco, corn, and fodder, and plantation utenſils. MARTIN KEY, }
(4) JOHN NICHOLAS, } Com'rs.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Jan.* 8, 1780.

TO be ſold by the package or piece, *Iriſh* and courſe linens, linen, cotton, and ſilk handkerchiefs, chintz do. calico, chintz, coarſe cloths, lawn, muſlin, cambrick, ribands, ſilks for winter gowns, mens and womens ſhoes, knives and forks, penknives, china cups and ſawcers, *Weſt India* rum, brown and loaf ſugar.—I continue to buy bills of exchange on *England*, *France*, *Holland*, or the *Weſt Indies*.

(tf) SAMUEL BEALL.

N. B. I want to charter two prime ſailing veſſels for the *Weſt Indies*.

FOR SALE *at* NEWCASTLE,

THE high bred covering horſe ACHILLES. He is a fine cheſtnut ſorrel, well marked, and ſtill 16 hands high, riſing ſeven years old, and remarkable for getting fine colts. W. JOHNSON.

EDENTON (*North Carolina*) *Jan.* 17, 1780.

THE copartnerſhip of *Savage & Weſtmore* being expired, it is requeſted that all perſons who have any claims againſt that concern, will ſend their accounts immediately in, that the ſame may be adjuſted and paid; and all perſons indebted to them in the ſame, are requeſted to make payment within three months from this date to prevent their being ſued, which will be extremely diſagreeable to us.

(tn) W. SAVAGE.
JOSEPH WESTMORE.

WHEREAS ſundry Gentlemen have requeſted Meſſ. *John Todd*, *Lewis Todd*, and *John Hawkins*, who are now reſiding in *Kentucky*, and have made themſelves acquainted with the lands on the *Weſtern Waters*, to ſurvey and ſecure officers rights, and locate Land Office certificates; and as they find it out of their power to attend in the lower parts of *Virginia* this winter for that purpoſe, notice is therefore given to any Gentlemen who may incline to employ a perſon for that purpoſe, that they may engage with myſelf or Mr. *Edmund Hawkins*, who will attend at *Fredericksburg* on the 15th of *February*, at *New Caſtle* the 17th, at *Williamsburg* the 20th, at *Peterſburg* the 23d, and at *Richmond* on the 25th; or at any other time between thoſe dates and the 15th of *March*, at the barracks in *Albemarle*, or at the houſe lately occupied by Mr. *John Hawkins* in *Hanover*. We will purchaſe officers or ſoldiers rights, or Land Office certificates of the firſt date.

(1) MARTIN HAWKINS.

N. B. We have for ſale about 3000 acres of good tobacco LAND, lying in the counties of *Albemarle* and *Hanover*; alſo ſix likely NEGROES.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from the *Falls* plantation in *Chesterfield*, about the 30th of laſt *December*, a dark bay gelding, about 7 years old, 14 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, neither docked nor branded, ſome ſaddle ſpots near his ſhoulders, and has ſome appearance on his breaſt of being hurt ſome time ago by traces, being uſed to run in a chariot, paces, trots, and canters exceeding well, the laſt his moſt natural gate. I will give the above reward on conviction of the thief and delivery of the horſe, or two hundred dollars for the horſe. (4) W. BLACK.

TAKEN up in *Fairfax* county, a dark bay or mouſe coloured mare, 4 feet 2 inches high, 9 or 10 years old, with a ſtar and ſmall ſnip in her forehead, both her hind feet white to the footlocks, a ſmall ſaddle ſpot on the near ſide, and branded on the near buttock Z. Appriſed to 6ol.

(1) EDWARD PAYNE.